

Dinghy 13 investigation with hull bi-convex option

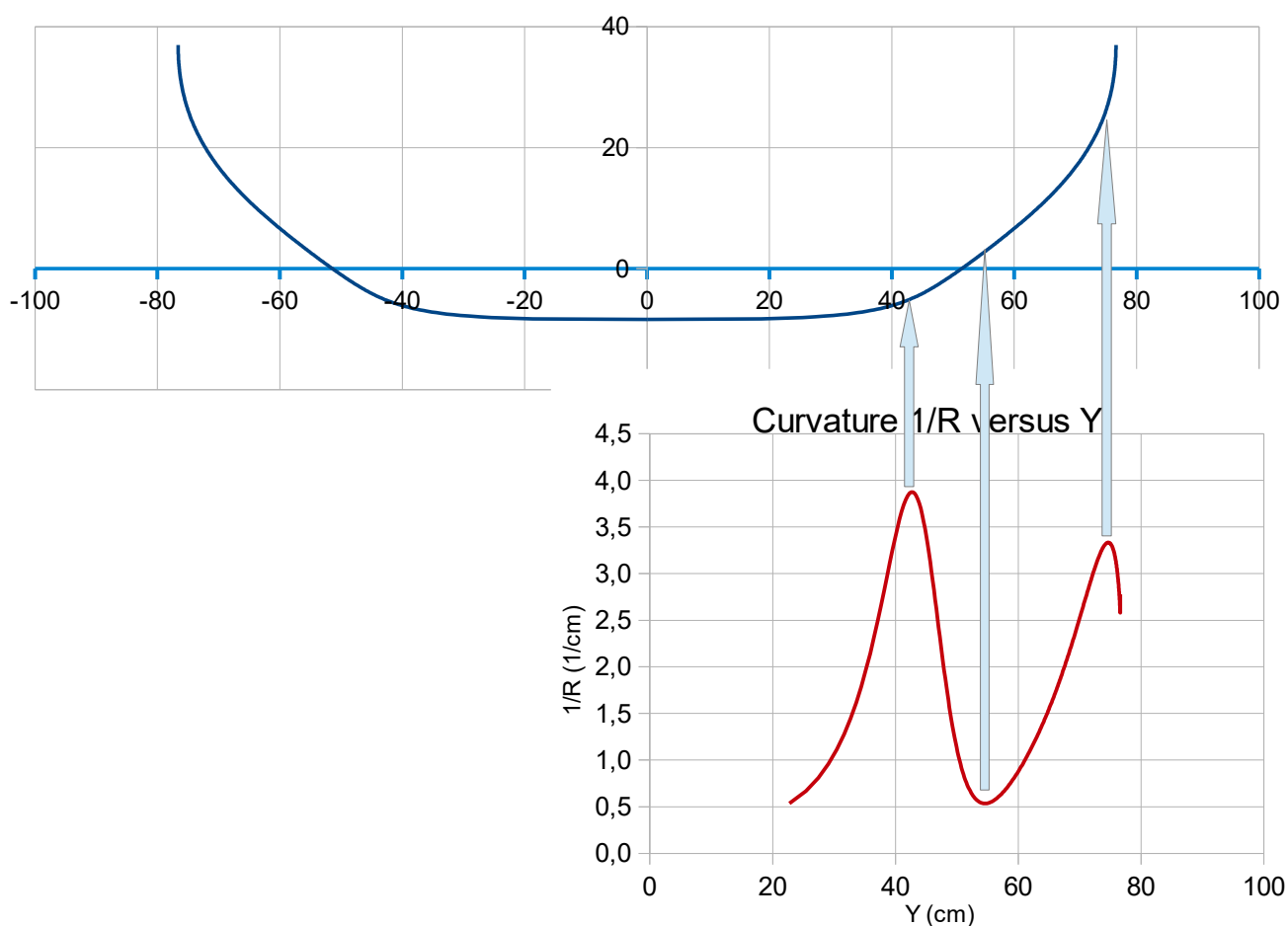
**Rev. 5: Bi-convex soft and Convex-concav-hard chine final versions
sharing same dimensions and similar GZ curve (when payload at center)**

Jean-François Masset – June 2019

jfcmasset@outlook.fr

I eventually converge to two variants sharing (quasi) the same dimensions, inc. beam waterline Bwl (~ 1,00 m with the design payload 95 kg), stability and righting moment features.

The principle of the *Bi-convex soft* is : between the lower and the upper convexity of sections shape, the line is flatten but not up to a zero curvature neither to a concavity :



>>> the convexity is kept positive

Common data : Lhull : 3,97 m (13 ft) ; Bhull : 1,60 m (at sheer line) , 1,70 m (overall, with the rounded benches to ease the hiking posture) ; Light weight assumed ~ 59 kg (with a 8 m2 sail)

With the design « payload » 95 kg (a heavy helmsman case) :

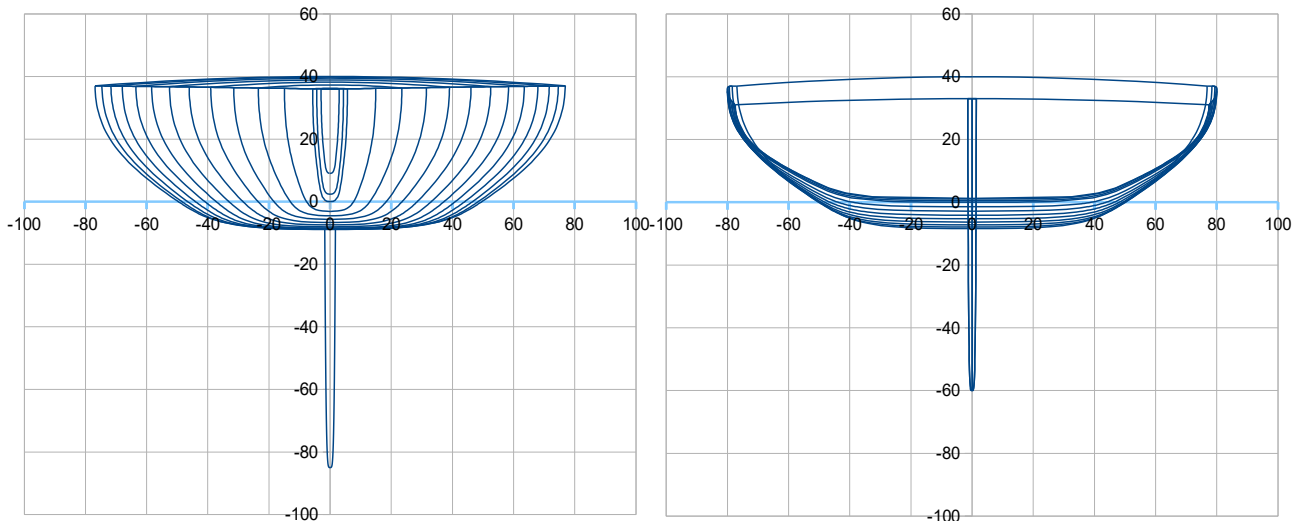
Lwl : 3,75 m

Bwl : 1,00 m (*Bi-convex soft*) , 1,01 m (*Convex-concav-hard chine*)

Bi-convex soft :

Bwl : 1,00 m ; Cp : 57,0 % ; LCB : 46,4 % Lwl ; Total Sw (at 10° heel) : 3,17 m2

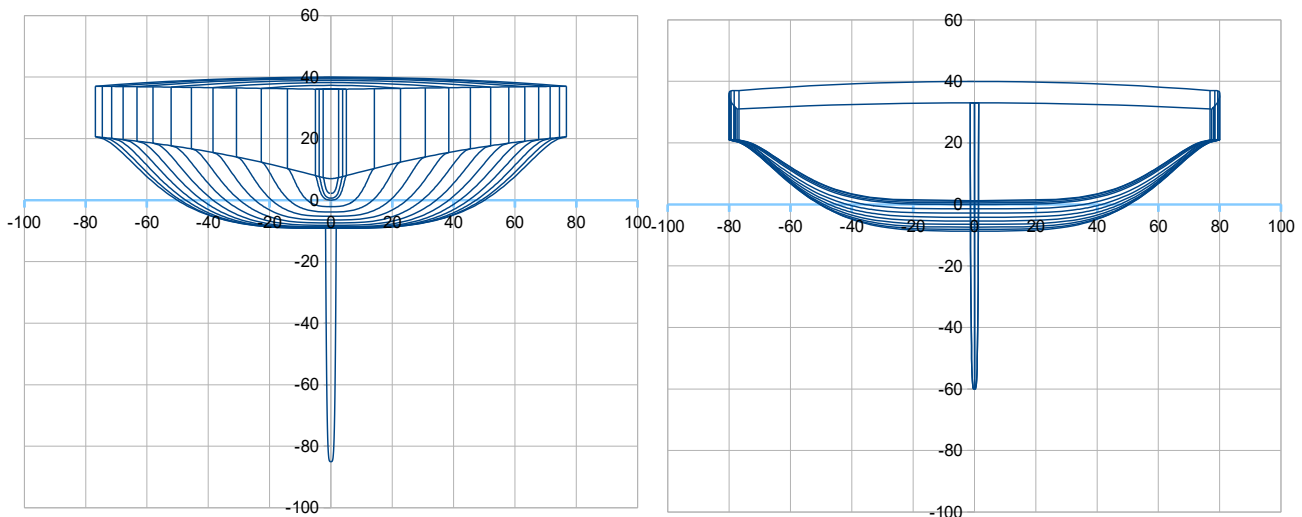
Stability (with payload 95 kg at center) : **GM0,1° = 53,6 cm ;** GZ at 20° heel = 10,1 cm



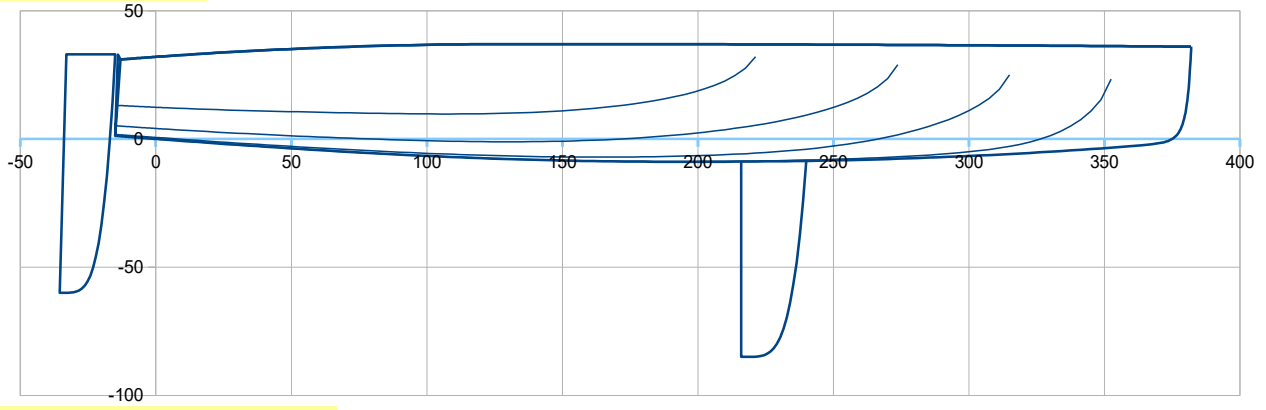
Convex-concav-hard chine :

Bwl : 1,01 m ; Cp : 56,2 % ; LCB : 46,5 % Lwl ; Total Sw (at 10° heel) 3,14 m2

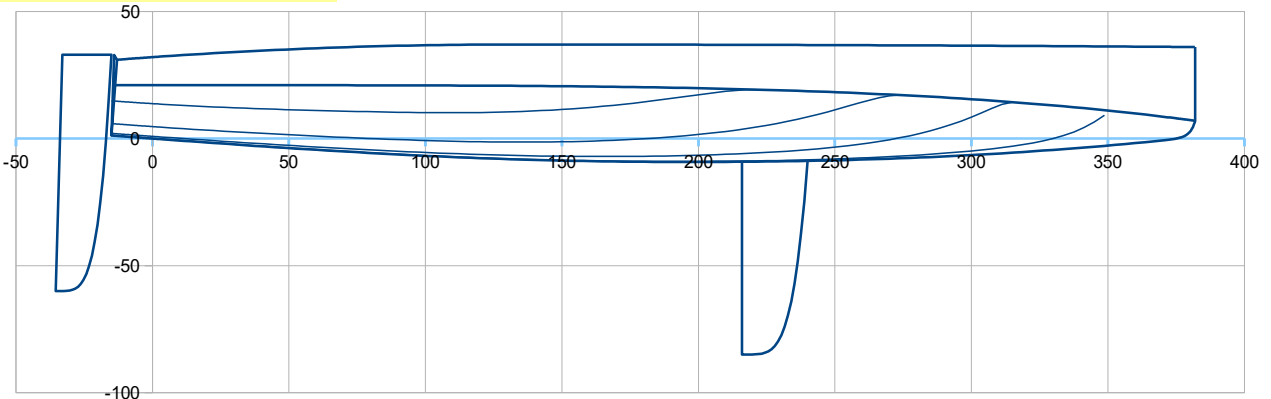
Stability (with payload 95 kg at center) : **GM0,1° = 53,8 cm ;** GZ at 20° heel = 10,3 cm



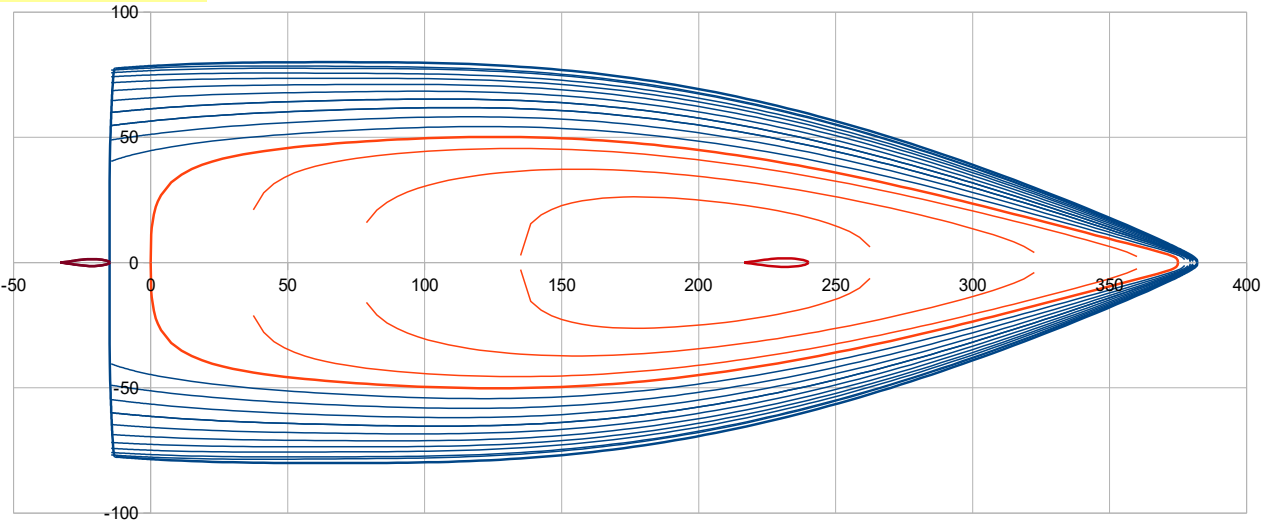
Bi-convex soft :



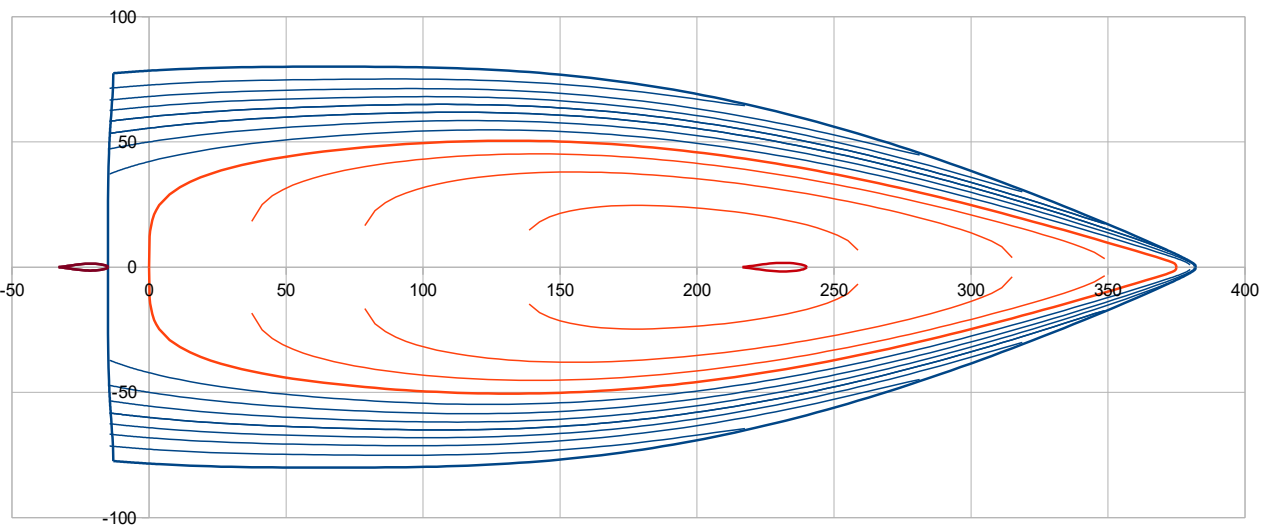
Convex-concav-hard chine



Bi-convex soft :



Convex-concav-hard chine

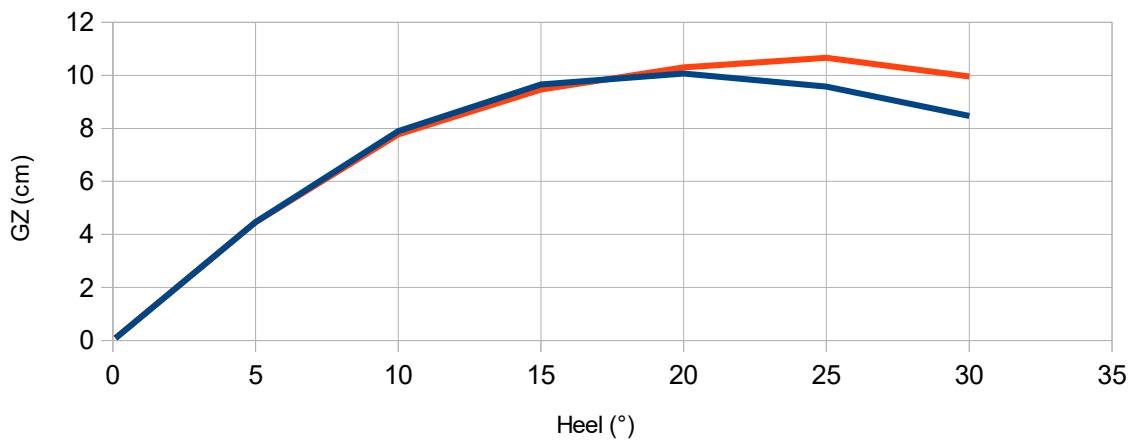


Stability issue when considering the « payload » in the center :

e.g. the (heavy) helmsman (95 kg) squatted in the boat center under the boom, with his center of gravity at Z +65 cm. It is typically the tack or gybe configuration. Here for the stability comparison it is assumed that the helmsman is (temporarily) fixed like a statue in the center of the boat. and we look at the righting arm GZ evolution for heel up to 25°, due to external action (waves, dynamics of a manoeuver) and/or due to a transversal offset of the payload.

GZ versus Heel

Payload 95 kg at center (X 150, Y 0, Z 65)
Blue : Bi-convex soft ; Red : Convex-concav-hard chine



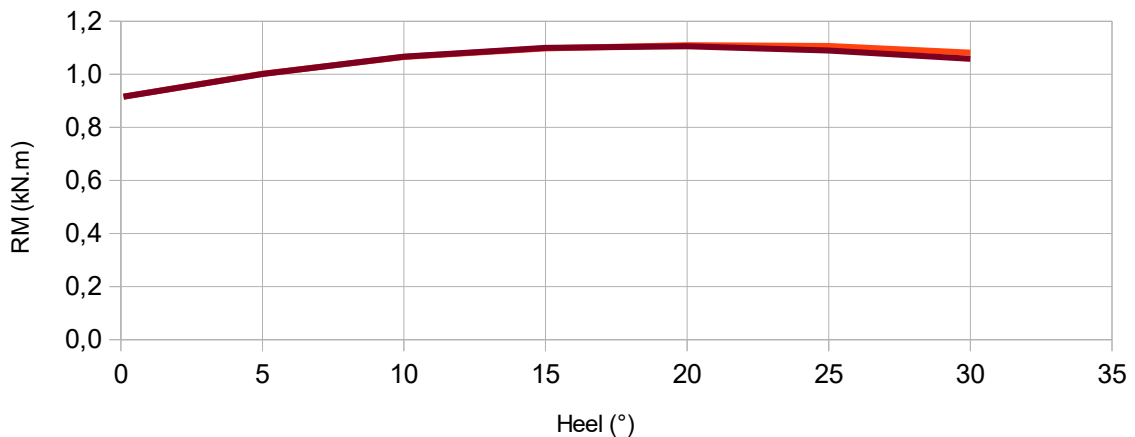
>>> equivalent GZ up to 20° heel angle, then a slight advantage for the Convex-concav-hard chine

Righting moment when the « payload » is hiking at windward :

e.g. the helmsman is hiking with its center of gravity estimated at about Y = B/2 + 15 cm and Z = 35 cm (and X still at 150 cm)

RM versus Heel

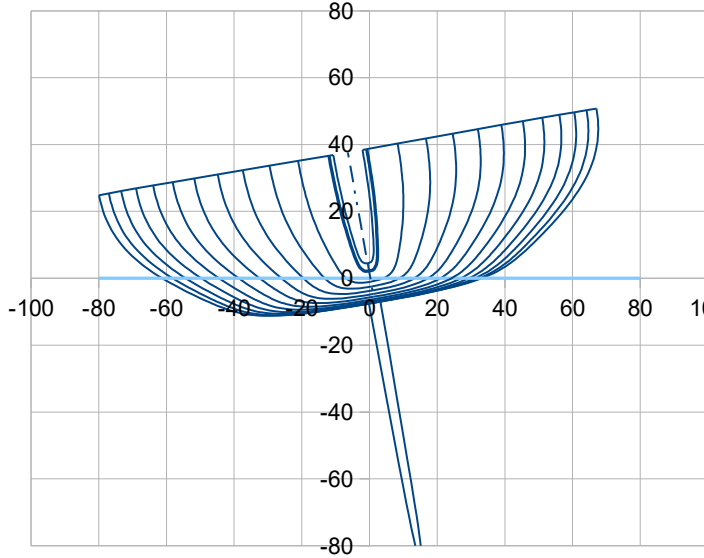
Payload 95kg in hiking position (X 150, Y 98, Z 35)
Blue : Bi-convex soft ; Red : Convex-concav-hard chine



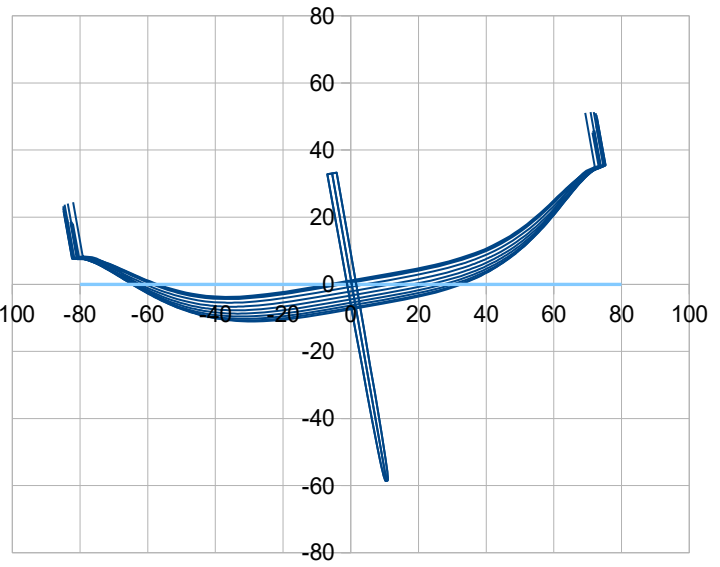
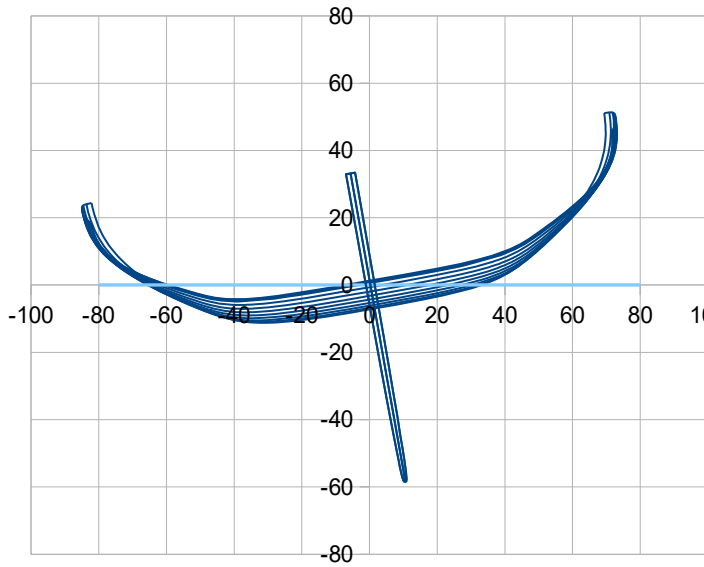
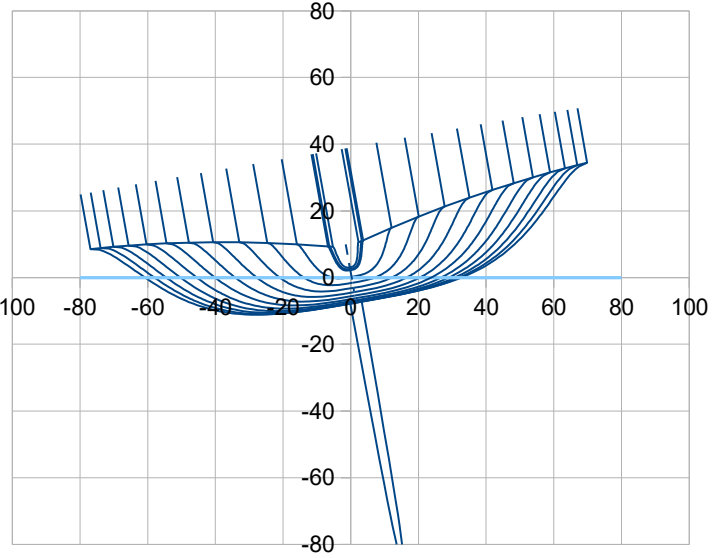
>>> at 10° heel angle, the hull provides + 16% RM : 0,92 kN.m >> 1,07 kN.m

Comparison at 10° heel angle :

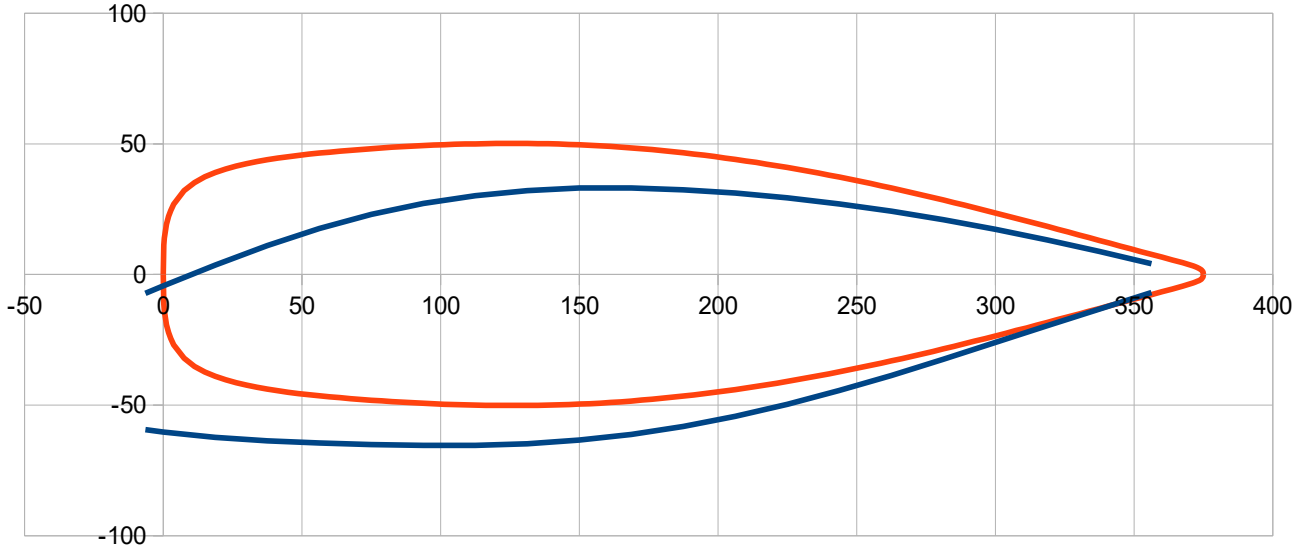
Bi-convex soft



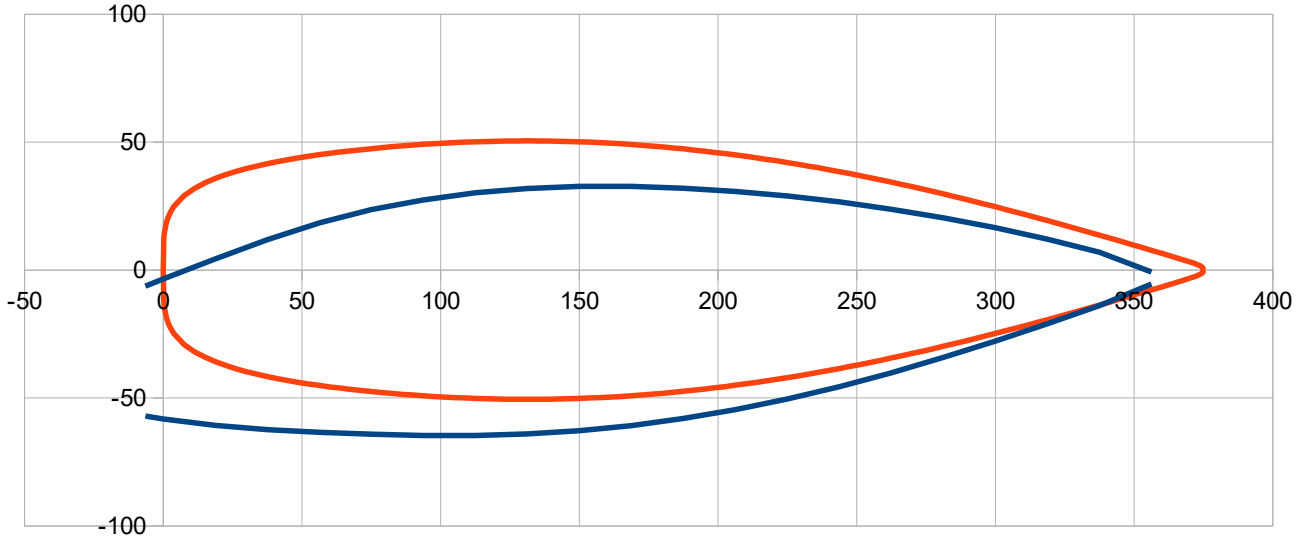
Convex-concav-hard chine



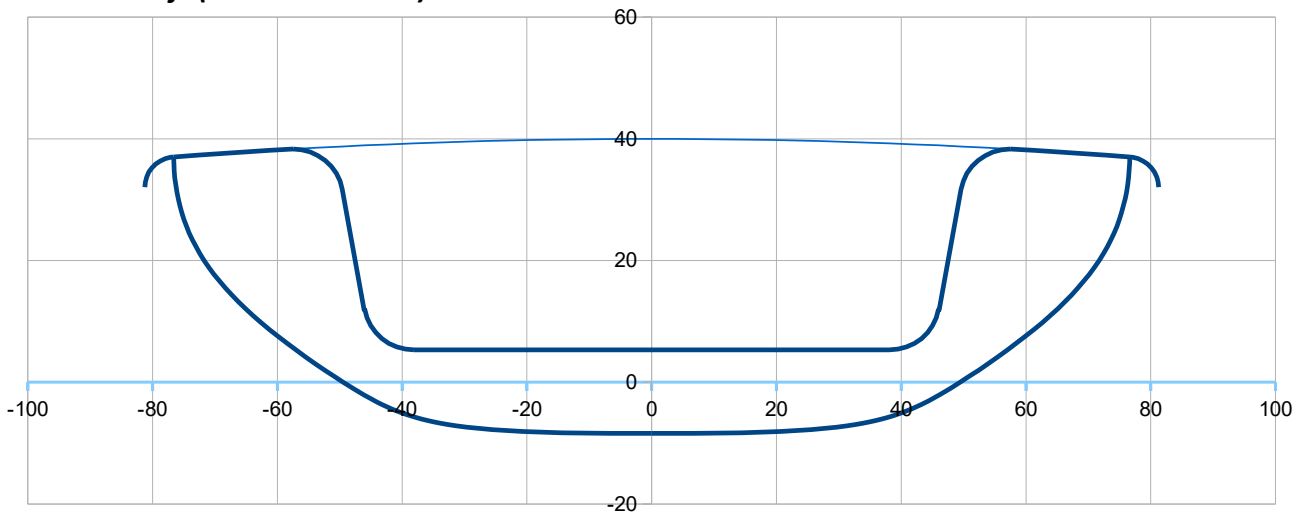
Bi-convex soft



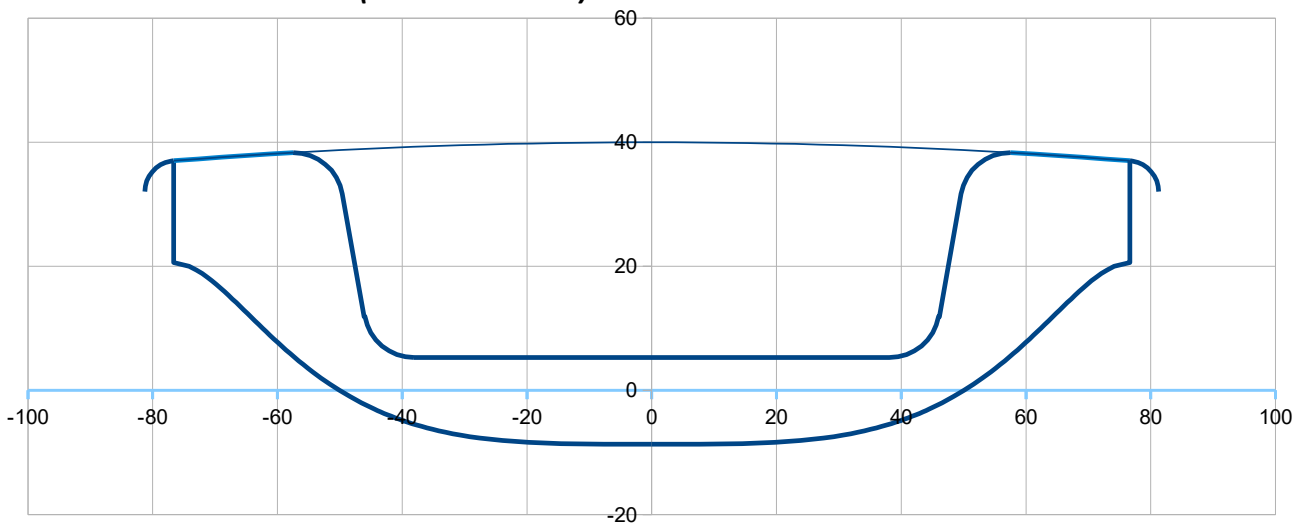
Convex-concav-hard chine



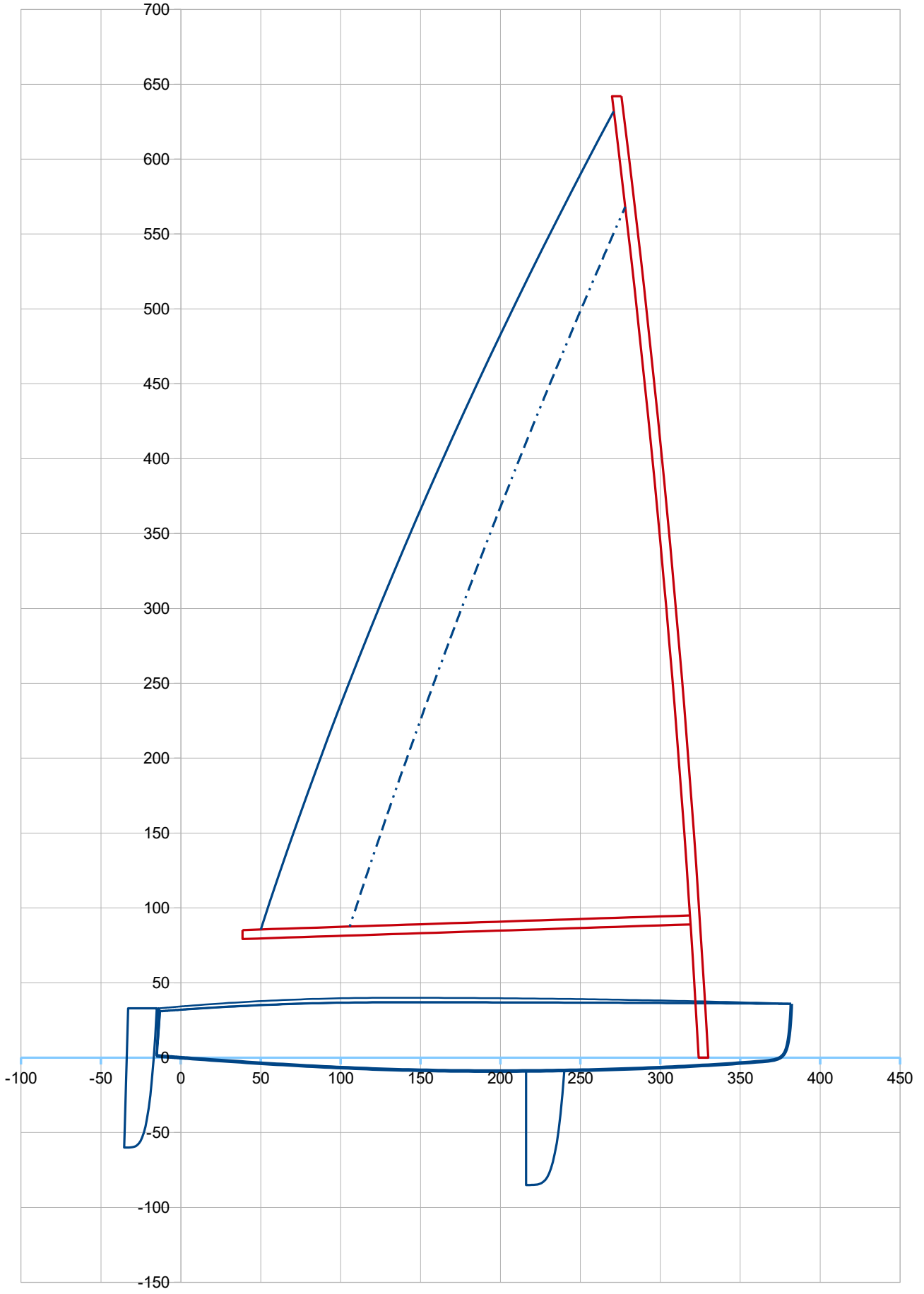
Bi-convex soft (section at X 150) :



Convex-concav-hard chine (section at X 150) :



Bi-convex soft - Sailplan (with sail 8 m2 and small sail option 6 m2)



Bi-convex soft - Hydrostatics (upright, displacement with payload 95 kg) :

2.1 Hull

Loa (m)	3,97	Lwl (m)	3,75	>Hull speed	4,7	(at Fn 0,4)			
>> ft	13,02		12,30						
B (m)	1,60	at X (% Lwl)	18,0						
>> ft	5,25								
Bwl (m)	1,00	at X (% Lwl)	34,0	> Bwl / B	0,627				
>> ft	3,29								
Tc (m)	0,089	at X (%Lwl)	50						
>> ft	0,29								
Displacement at H0 (m3)	0,14524	at Xc (m)	1,739	Xc (%Lwl)	46,39				
>> lbs	328	w. seawater	1025	kg/m3					
Disp at h (cm)	-0,359675757	at Xc (m)	1,750	Xc (%Lwl)	46,67				
Disp at h (cm)	0,359675757	at Xc (m)	1,728	Xc (%Lwl)	46,07				
Cp (%)	57,03								
Sf (m2)	2,75	at Xf (m)	1,564	Xf (%Lwl)	41,70	>>> Xc – Xf (%Lwl)			4,69
>> ft2	29,55	>> ft	5,13						
Angle immersed sheer li (°)	25,7	at section C4 (40% Lwl)							
Sw (m2)	2,79	>Sw/D^(2/3)	10,09						
>> ft2	30,02								
Shull (m2)	6,61	at X (m)	1,614	Z (m)	0,064				
>> ft2	71,13	>> ft	5,30	>> ft	0,21				
Sdeck (m2)	4,78	at X (m)	1,451						
>> ft2	51,50	>> ft	4,76						

2.2 Daggerboard

Volume (m3)	0,00280	at X (m)	2,281	X (%Lwl)	60,83	Z (m)	-0,39		
Draft oa (m)	0,85			Sw (m2)	0,31	Sxz (m2)	0,15		
>> ft	2,79			>> ft2	3,35	>> ft2	1,61		
CLR (m)	2,340	CLR (%Lwl)	62,40	method :	keel profile extended to the waterline, 25% c at 45% draft oa				
>> ft	7,68								

2.3 Rudder(s)

Number	1								
Volume (m3)	0,00143	at X (m)	-0,246	X (%Lwl)	-6,57	Z (m)	-0,054		
Sw (m2)	0,18	>> ft	-0,81			Sxz (m2)	0,09	per rudder	
>> ft2	1,92					>> ft2	0,92		

2.4 Hull + Daggerboard + Rudder(s)

Displacement at H0 (m3)	0,14947	at Xc (m)	1,731	Xc (%Lwl)	46,15	Zc (m)	-0,040		
Disp. (kg)	153,2	>> ft	0,53			>> ft	-0,13		
>> lbs	338								
Sw (m2)	3,28	>Sw/D^(2/3)	11,64	Lwl/D^(1/3)	7,07				
>> ft2	35,29			DLR	81				$M(lbs/2240)/(Lwl(ft)/100)^3$

2.5 Data from the mass spreadsheet

Boat with payload	M(kg)	153,2	at Xg (m)	1,563	Xc (%Lwl)	41,68	at Zg (m)	0,399	
Light boat		58,2		1,665				0,480	

Convex-concav-hard chine - Hydrostatics (upright, displacement with payload 95 kg) :

2.1 Hull

Loa (m)	3,97	Lwl (m)	3,75	>Hull speed	4,7	(at Fn 0,4)		
>> ft	13,02		12,30					
B (m)	1,60	at X (% Lwl)	18,0					
>> ft	5,25							
Bwl (m)	1,01	at X (% Lwl)	35,0	> Bwl / B	0,631			
>> ft	3,31							
Tc (m)	0,092	at X (%Lwl)	50					
>> ft	0,30							
Displacement at H0 (m3)	0,14590	at Xc (m)	1,744	Xc (%Lwl)	46,51			
>> lbs	330	w. seawater	1025	kg/m3				
Disp at h (cm)	-0,369770396	at Xc (m)	1,754	Xc (%Lwl)	46,76			
Disp at h (cm)	0,369770396	at Xc (m)	1,734	Xc (%Lwl)	46,23			
Cp (%)	56,21							
Sf (m2)	2,75	at Xf (m)	1,591	Xf (%Lwl)	42,43	>>> Xc - Xf (%Lwl)		4,08
>> ft2	29,64	>> ft	5,22					
Angle immersed sheer li (°)	25,7	at section C4 (40% Lwl)						
Sw (m2)	2,79	>Sw/D^(2/3)	10,07					
>> ft2	30,03							
Shull (m2)	6,79	at X (m)	1,615	Z (m)	0,067			
>> ft2	73,08	>> ft	5,30	>> ft	0,22			
Sdeck (m2)	4,76	at X (m)	1,445					
>> ft2	51,28	>> ft	4,74					

2.2 Daggerboard

Volume (m3)	0,00279	at X (m)	2,281	X (%Lwl)	60,83	Z (m)	-0,39	
Draft oa (m)	0,85			Sw (m2)	0,31	Sxz (m2)	0,15	
>> ft	2,79			>> ft2	3,34	>> ft2	1,60	
CLR (m)	2,340	CLR (%Lwl)	62,40	method : keel profile extended to the waterline, 25% c at 45% draft oa				
>> ft	7,68							

2.3 Rudder(s)

Number	1							
Volume (m3)	0,00143	at X (m)	-0,246	X (%Lwl)	-6,57	Z (m)	-0,054	
Sw (m2)	0,18	>> ft	-0,81			Sxz (m2)	0,09	per rudder
>> ft2	1,92					>> ft2	0,92	

2.4 Hull + Daggerboard + Rudder(s)

Displacement at H0 (m3)	0,15012	at Xc (m)	1,735	Xc (%Lwl)	46,27	Zc (m)	-0,040	
Disp. (kg)	153,9	>> ft	0,53			>> ft	-0,13	
>> lbs	339							
Sw (m2)	3,28	>Sw/D^(2/3)	11,61	Lwl/D^(1/3)	7,06			
>> ft2	35,29			DLR	81			M(lbs/2240)/(Lwl(ft)/100)^3

2.5 Data from the mass spreadsheet

Boat with payload	M(kg)	153,9	at Xg (m)	1,563	Xc (%Lwl)	41,67	at Zg (m)	0,583
Light boat		58,9		1,664				0,476